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SUPPLEMENTARY ONLINE MATERIAL FOR

Fossil caries in a Pliocene rodent with a plausible instance of in situ preservation of bacterial remains

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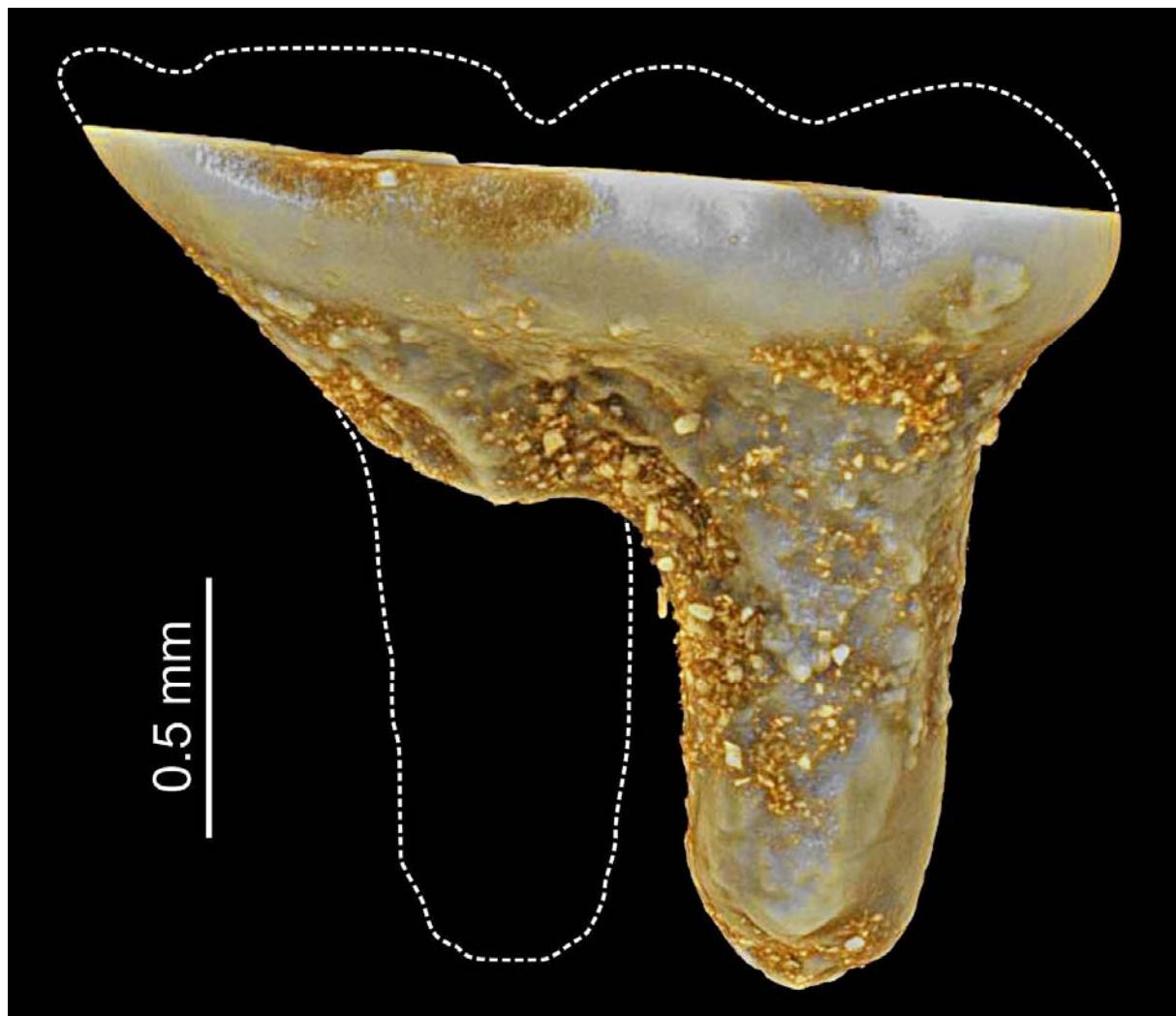
Supplementary Online Material

SOM: fig. S1. 3D CT model of tooth of *Glis sackdillingensis* (Heller, 1930) (ZPAL M. VIII/b/G2/1) from Węże 2 (2.9-2.6 Mya), late Pliocene.

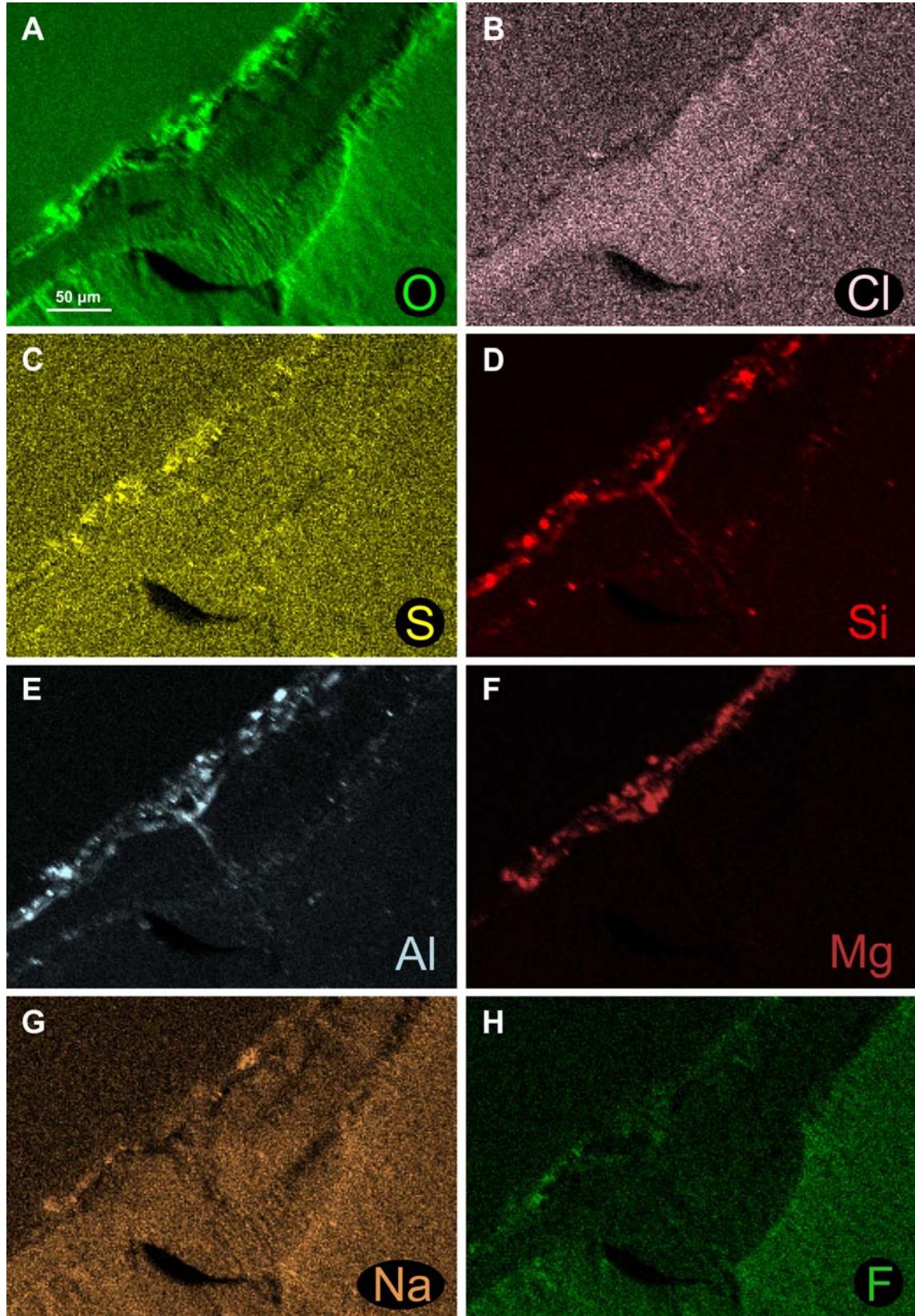
SOM: fig. S2. Tooth of *Glis sackdillingensis* (Heller, 1930) (ZPAL M. VIII/b/G2/1) from Węże 2 (2.9-2.6 Mya), late Pliocene. EDS maps of distributions of oxygen, chlorine, sulphur, silicon, alumina, magnesium, sodium, and fluorine.

SOM: fig. S3. Tooth of *Glis sackdillingensis* (Heller, 1930) (ZPAL M. VIII/b/G2/1) from Węże 2 (2.9-2.6 Mya), late Pliocene. SEM image and EDS maps of distributions of carbon, phosphorus, and calcium depicting change in composition of enamel in the cavity area.

SOM: fig. S1. 3D-CT model of tooth with the cavity of *Glis sackdillingensis* (Heller, 1930) (ZPAL M. VIII/b/G2/1) from Węże 2 (2.9-2.6 Mya), late Pliocene. Shapes of missing parts of the tooth, namely root and part of crown, are sketched in white dashed line.



SOM: fig. S2. Tooth of *Glis sackdillingensis* (Heller, 1930) (ZPAL M. VIII/b/G2/1) from Węże 2 (2.9-2.6 Mya), late Pliocene. EDS maps of distributions of oxygen (**A**), chlorine (**B**), sulphur (**C**), silica (**D**), alumina (**E**), magnesium (**F**), sodium (**G**), and fluorine (**H**). Location and distribution (i.e., on the boundary of tooth and resin) of Cl, S, Si, Al, Mg, Na and {?} suggest that those elements are soil residues. Presented data are complementary to results depicted in Fig. 3 in the main text.



SOM: fig. S3. Tooth of *Glis sackdillingensis* (Heller, 1930) (ZPAL M. VIII/b/G2/1) from Węże 2 (2.9-2.6 Mya), late Pliocene. SEM image (**A**) and EDS maps of distributions of carbon (**B**), phosphorus (**C**), and calcium (**D**) depicting change in composition of enamel in the cavity area.

