

## The origin of the Pycnodonteinae and relationship between gryphaeas and true pycnodontes

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Berriasian (Early Cretaceous) oyster *Pycnogryphaea weberae* from Crimea is one of the earliest known pycnodonteine oysters. Examination of shell morphology and microstructure of this species shows that it shares characters of the subfamilies Gryphaeinae and Pycnodonteinae. Shell microstructure of *Pycnogryphaea weberae* lacks vesicular structure and is similar to microstructure of the genus *Gryphaea*. At the same time the shell of this species possesses morphological characters typical of pycnodontes: development of chomata and well-defined circumferential curb. *Pycnogryphaea weberae* is regarded as a transitional taxon between the subfamilies Gryphaeinae and Pycnodonteinae and referred herein to a new genus *Pycnogryphaea* within the Pycnodonteinae. This suggests that the subfamily Pycnodonteinae likely originated from the Late Jurassic representatives of the genus *Gryphaea* (Gryphaeinae) in Berriasian. First pycnodontes preserved shell microstructure of the genus *Gryphaea* but developed chomata along all the perimeter of both valves.

**Key words:** Bivalvia, Gryphaeinae, Pycnodonteinae, Cretaceous, Berriasian, Crimea.

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